

Landslide Disaster
Working Group
Pilot: Status Report

March 8th, 2016

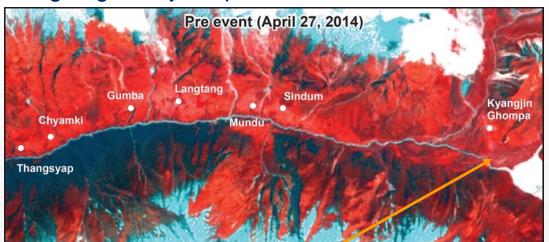


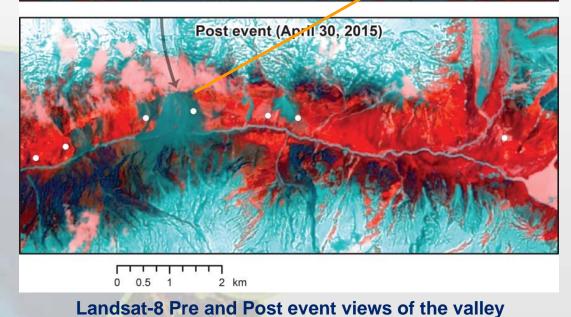


Motivation



Langtang Valley, Nepal





View from the ground (Photo credit USGS)



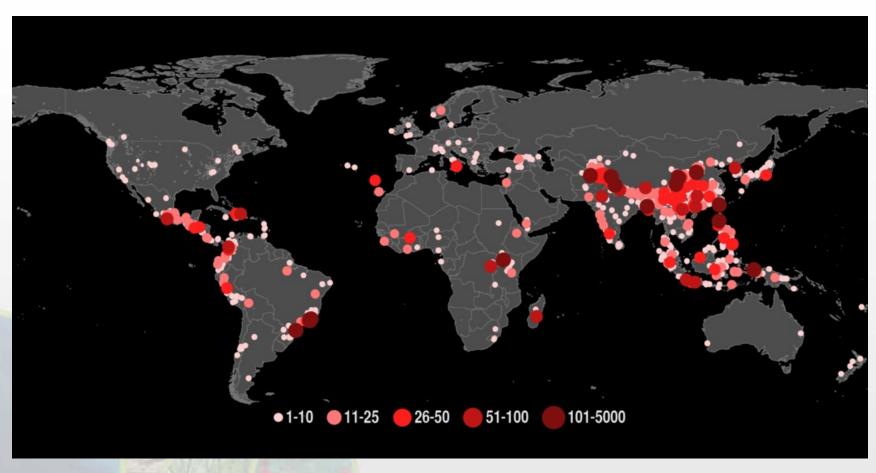


Damage Proxy Map (DPM) from ALOS-2 Data



Impact





Landslides with fatalities from a global landslide catalog of rainfall-triggered events 2007-2013 (Kirschbaum et al. 2015)



Landslides Pilot: Goal



To demonstrate the effective exploitation of Earth observations (EO) data and technologies to detect, map and monitor landslides and landslide prone hillsides, in different physiographic and climatic regions.

To apply satellite EO across the cycle of landslide disaster risk management, including preparedness, situational awareness, response and recovery with a distinct multihazard focus on cascading impacts and risks.



Proposed Objectives



Objective A:

Establish effective practices for merging different Earth Observation data (e.g. optical and radar) to better monitor and map landslide activity over time and space.

Objective B:

Demonstrate how landslide products, models or services can support disaster risk management for multi-hazard and cascading landslide events.

Objective C:

Exploit the experience, data, and lessons learned from ongoing pilots (i.e., seismic hazards, floods, volcanoes).

Objective D:

Engage and partner with data brokers and end users to understand user and service requirements, user expectations, and to get feedback through the activities described in objectives A-C.



Key Pilot Outputs & Deliverables



Objective A: Report on recommended practices for the combined exploitation of SAR and Optical imagery and technologies for landslide detection, mapping and monitoring".

Objective A-C: Report on effective methodologies and strategies for considering multi-hazard and cascading aspect of landslides through multi-temporal landslide mapping from multiple triggers (leveraging information/interactions with the volcano, flood and earthquake pilots)

Objectives B-C: Landslide event inventory and activity (monitoring) maps produced using optical and SAR imagery and technologies, and their combination, for selected case studies / geographical areas.

Objective D: Report on end user engagement strategies and characterize enablers, challenges, barriers to effective transfer of information, knowledge and technologies.



Past Activities

- Developed an initial plan with objectives and overarching goals
- Held 2 meetings (December 2015 and February 2016) each with approximately 35 participants
- Participant Survey was prepared and sent to pilot contributors in early January to solicit details from team members for refining Pilot objectives

Upcoming activities

- Finalize Landslide Pilot objectives and define regional focus areas
- Hold a meeting on April 20th at the EGU Meeting in Vienna, Austria
- Identify 1-2 additional co-leads for the Landslide Pilot
- Establish the Landslide Pilot web presence on CEOS.ORG with a summary of goals, objectives and participants



CEOS Landslide Pilot Survey



- 1. What is your area(s) of expertise or operational authority or responsibility (e.g. research focus or disaster response and recovery)?
- 2. In what geographic region(s) do you primarily work or have responsibility (e.g. Global, national, regional)?
- Please rate your interest the proposed Pilot Objectives from Very important to not relevant
- 4. Please provide feedback on current objectives in terms of your proposed contribution and suggest ways to modify the objectives to better accommodate your expertise or the group's collective expertise.
- 5. What Earth Observation data are you most interested in acquiring as part of this pilot?
- 6. What specific aspects of this activity do you expect to participate in for the duration of the pilot?
- 7. The CEOS Landslide Pilot is in the scoping state. Who should be added to this discussion?
- 8. Please recommend others who you currently work with or who may be interested in this activity and include organization, point-of-contact name, affiliation, and email contact information.

28 Responses



Current Landslide Pilot Members (50)



| Country | Number of participants | Organizations | | |
|-----------|------------------------|---|--|--|
| USA | 18 | NASA, USGS, FEMA, GFDRR (World Bank), Southern Methodist University, U. of Oregon, U. of Washington, U. of Colorado | | |
| China | 10 | Academy of Opto-Electronics, CAS, China Earthquake Administration, Institute of Water Resources and Hydropower Research, Institute of Crustal Dynamics, CEA | | |
| Italy | 7 | CNR IRPI, ESA, EURAC, INGV, Università degli Studi di Firenze | | |
| France | 6 | CEA AIM, CNRS, UJF Grenoble, UNESCO, University of Strasbou | | |
| Germany | 2 | GFZ German Research Centre for Geosciences | | |
| UK | 4 | University of Leeds, NERC COMET, University of Durham | | |
| Norway | 2 | Norut, Geological Survey of Norway | | |
| Kenya | 1 | RCMRD | | |
| EU | 1 | European Commission | | |
| Nepal | 1 | ICIMOD | | |
| India | 1 | ISRO | | |
| Barbados | 2 | СІМН | | |
| Sri Lanka | 1 | IWMI | | |
| Canada | 1 | NRCan | | |
| Taiwan | 1 | National Central University of Taiwan | | |



Summary of Expertise



| Roles | Research | Disaster Response | Imagery Type | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Researcher | Landslide hazard mapping | National Landslide Hazard Program | InSAR for landslide mapping and monitoring | |
| Disaster Response Coordinator | gradual landslide motion in mountain | Disaster Preparedness, Post disaster impact assessments | optical and radar satellite remote sensing for improved landslide process understanding | |
| Manager for disaster preparedness and impact assessment | Initiation processes and early warning | Support to the Government for emergency management as centre of competence for civil protection | Satellite radar interferometry (InSAR) for landslides. | |
| Regional Science Coordination Office | image analysis for automatic event landslide detection | Operational monitoring of landslides | satellite radar for measuring ground deformation | |
| Scientific Advisor for National Civil Protection | optical and radar satellite remote sensing for improved landslide process understanding | Earthquake disaster emergency response and relief | Optical remote sensing with a particular focus on landslide mapping and monitoring | |
| | forecasting, monitoring and assessment of hydrometeorological related hazards | | airborne lidar analysis, landslide mechanics | |
| | debris flow inundation hazard modeling | | | |



Regional Foci of participants



Global Regional

- Caribbean
- South Asia
- Asia
- Mediterranean
- Tibetan Plateau
- Central America

National

- US
- Western US, Appalachian States, California, Colorado
- France
- Norway
- Nepal
- Italy
- China
- Kyrgyzstan
- Iran

Local/sub-national efforts (catchment scale)

- Taiwan, Korea, Japan
- Southwest China



Interest in Objectives



| | Objective A | Objective B | Objective C | Objective D |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1 - Very Important | 85% | 60% | 15% | 21% |
| 2- Moderately | 10% | 35% | 60% | 52% |
| 3 - Neutral | 5% | 5% | 25% | 21% |
| 4 - Not Important | 0% | 0% | 0% | 5% |

Objective A:

Establish effective practices for merging different Earth Observation data (e.g. optical and radar) to better manage landslide detection, mapping, and monitoring.

- Developing / testing / benchmarking / sharing tools for high-frequency monitoring and rap
 id mapping of landslides with satellite EO data
- Leverage revisit time of multiple sensors (e.g. the Sentinel constellation (S1, S2) to use EO satellite images as a real source of information for the monitoring of landslide displacement/deformation at high frequency.
- Processing stacks of Optical and SAR images to create horizontal displacement maps over time
- Improve the efficiency in processing remote sensing data for emergency response
- Establishment of benchmark datasets to test available semi-automatic techniques



Comments on Objectives



Objective B:

Create integrated products & services for practices or activities, such as landslide inventories, to support disaster risk management for multi-hazard and cascading landslide events.

- Further develop operational services leveraging existing projects on landslide inventory mapping, landslide monitoring and early warning, landslide modeling and interpretation
- Demonstrate the rapid emergency response landslide mapping during major disasters in coordination with end users
- Create closer links between remote sensing analysis and the needs for hazard and risk analysis
- Use the longest available time series of remote sensing data to create systema tic spatiotemporal assessment of landslide activity



Interest in Data Access (



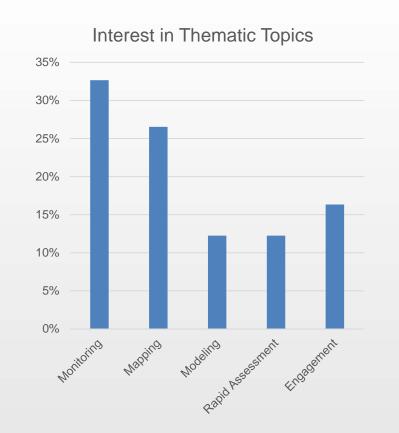
| | SAR | Optical | DEMS | Soil Moisture & rainfall | land use/soils | landslide inventories | LiDAR |
|-------------------|---|---------------|----------|-----------------------------|---|--|------------------------------|
| Number interested | 15 | 17 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Percent | 58% | 65% | 19% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 8% |
| Source | Sentinel-1 and 2,RADARSAT-2, COSMO- SkyMed, ALOS- 1 and 2, TerraSAR-X, RISAT | 6/7, | TanDEM-X | rainfall (weather data) | | landslide catalogs | LiDAR |
| Resolution | | 1m-10m | <10m | | | | |
| Notes | Polarimetric SAR (amplitude), better if HR/VHR; need the ability to target over specific sites of interest (supersites, Nepal), time series important | <u>needed</u> | | | soil erosion, regolith depth, exposed bedrock for unconsolidate d deposits | landslide maps (specifically after earthquakes) suceptibility maps | Time series would be best |



Interest in Thematic Topics



- 1. Monitoring: Develop/advance/communicate monitoring capabilities leveraging and integrating Optical and SAR data (Obj A)
- 2. Mapping: Develop methodologies for multi-t emporal image processing over select region to improve/expand landslide mapping/invent ories (Obj A)
- 3. Hazard assessment/modeling: Demonstrat ing how EO data (DEMs, hydrological inform ation, and imagery/SAR) can advance landsli de modeling/hazard assessment at a regiona I scale (Obj B)
- Rapid Assessment: Demonstration of how EO data can be rapidly processed for inform ed decision making (Obj A & D)
- 5. User/Pilot Engagement: Need to leverage e xisting connections and those from other pilo ts to turn products into actionable information (Obj C & D)





Suggested regional study areas

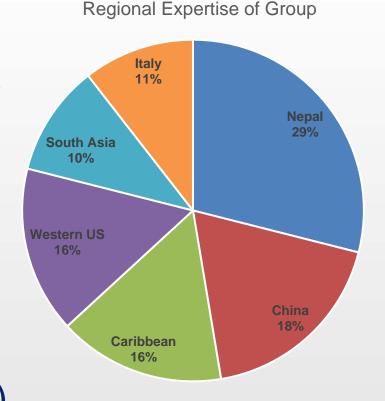


1. Nepal

2. Pacific Northwest, U.S. (Ore gon, Washington)

3. China (southwestern area)

4. Caribbean (focus area TBD)



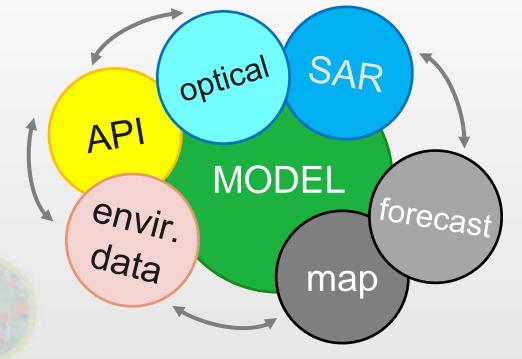


Future: Landslide Modelling



Advanced landslide modelling tools capable of assimilating remote sensing data and products for model initialization

and validation.





Take-Away



- Clear need in the community: Landslide hazards are pervasive and research activities related to application of EO data are often not well-coordinated between regions
- Landslide Pilot is still forming: we are still seeking new participants
- Open to suggestions and guidance: particularly from other pilots



Questions/Comments



- Dalia Kirschbaum (NASA/US): dalia.b.Kirschbaum@nasa.gov
- Jonathan Godt: (USGS/US): jgodt@usgs.gov

