



Royal Netherlands  
Meteorological Institute  
*Ministry of Infrastructure  
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# Aerosol Layer Height from Spectrometers

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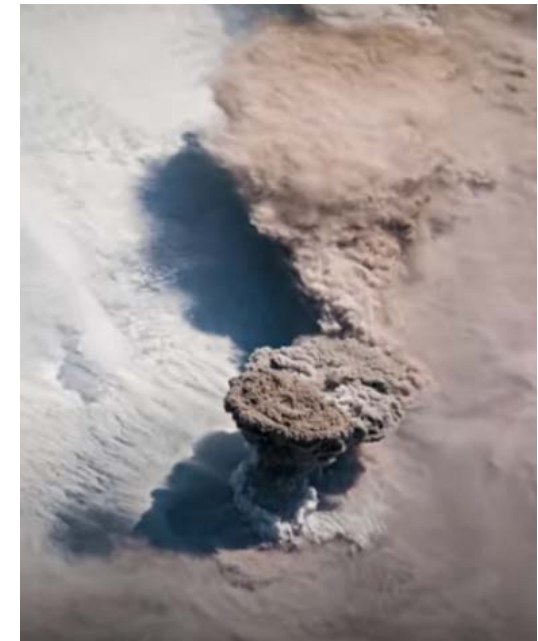
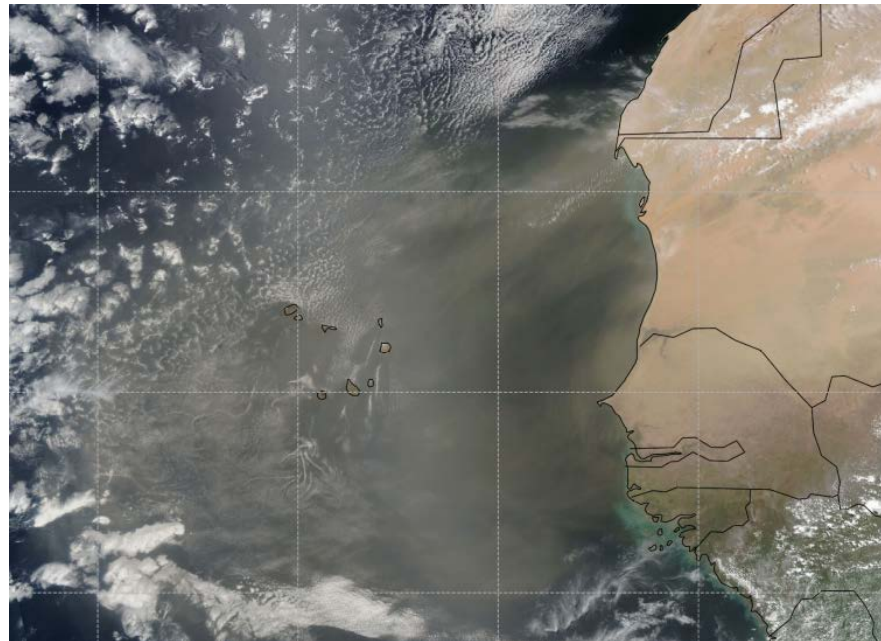
Martin de Graaf, KNMI

CEOS Atmospheric Composition Virtual Constellation AC-VC-16



# Aerosol Vertical Information Applications

- › Long range transport of aerosol plumes
  - desert dust, biomass burning, volcanic ash, pollution
- › Climate change by absorbing aerosols
- › Aerosol correction for trace gas satellite observations





# Aerosol Observations of Aerosol Vertical Distribution

## ACTIVE

- › LIDAR (Caliop, Aeolus, *Earthcare*)
- › Pro: Vertical profiles
- › Pro: Day and night observations
- › Con: limited swath

## PASSIVE

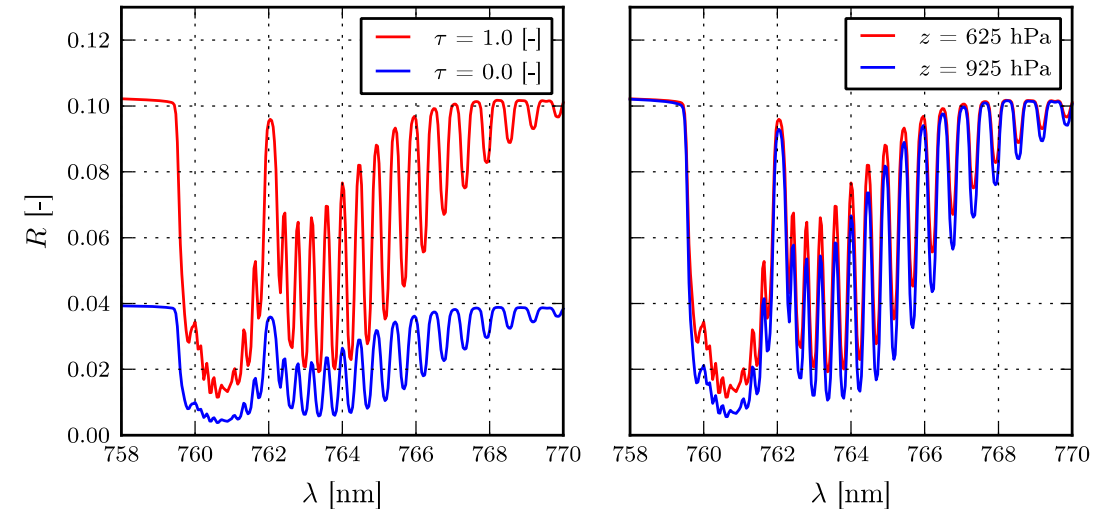
- › VIS-NIR spectrometry using oxygen absorption.
- › Multi-angle radiometry/polarimetry (MISR, POLDER/3MI, *Spex*)
- › IR spectrometry (IASI, ..)
  
- › Pro: wide swath
- › Pro: large number of sensors
- › Con: limited vertical information
- › Con: Only daytime, except for IR observations of dust





# Aerosol Layer Height from Oxygen Bands

- › Physical principle is that the atmospheric oxygen profile is well-known.
- › Usable oxygen absorptions are in the VIS ( $O_2$ - $O_2$  dimer weak absorptions) and in the NIR ( $O_2$  A and B band strong absorption)
- › Method is limited to moderate to strong aerosol loading under cloud-free conditions.



Synthetic oxygen A-band spectra for a cloudless atmosphere containing aerosols over a surface with and albedo of 0.03.

**Left:** Aerosol layer is fixed at a height of 900 hPa - 950 hPa, for two scenes are different aerosol optical thicknesses.

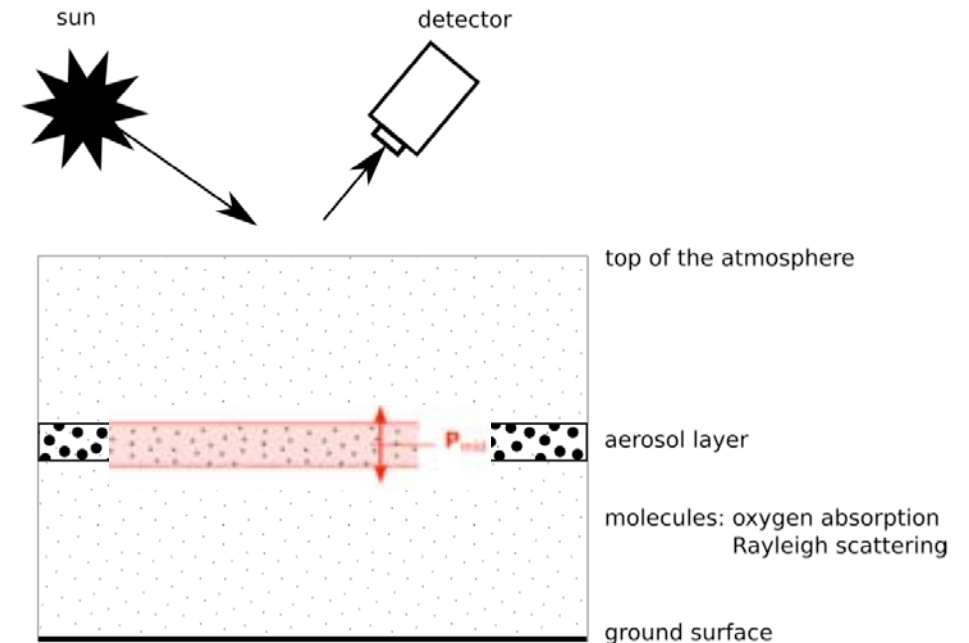
**Right:** Aerosol vertical distribution is varied for an aerosol optical thickness of 1.0 at 760 nm.

OMI	$O_2$ - $O_2$
S5P/TROPOMI	$O_2$ - $O_2$ , $O_2$ A, $O_2$ B
GEMS	$O_2$ - $O_2$
S4/UVN	$O_2$ - $O_2$ , $O_2$ A
S5/UVNS	$O_2$ - $O_2$ , $O_2$ A
TEMPO	$O_2$ - $O_2$ , $O_2$ B
CO2M	$O_2$ - $O_2$ , $O_2$ A



# Operational ALH Retrieval Algorithm for O<sub>2</sub> A Band

- › Optimal estimation algorithm with AOT and ALH as fitting parameters.
- › Aerosol model is fixed and uses Henyey-Greenstein phase function.
- › Online Radiative transfer uses a neural network approach.
- › Currently the surface albedo is based on a monthly climatology.
- › Requirement for ALH 1 km threshold, 0.5 km goal



Nanda, S., de Graaf, M., Veefkind, J. P., Sneep, M., ter Linden, M., Sun, J., and Levelt, P. F.: <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-2019-348>

Nanda, S., de Graaf, M., Veefkind, J. P., ter Linden, M., Sneep, M., de Haan, J., and Levelt, P. F.: <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-12-6619-2019>

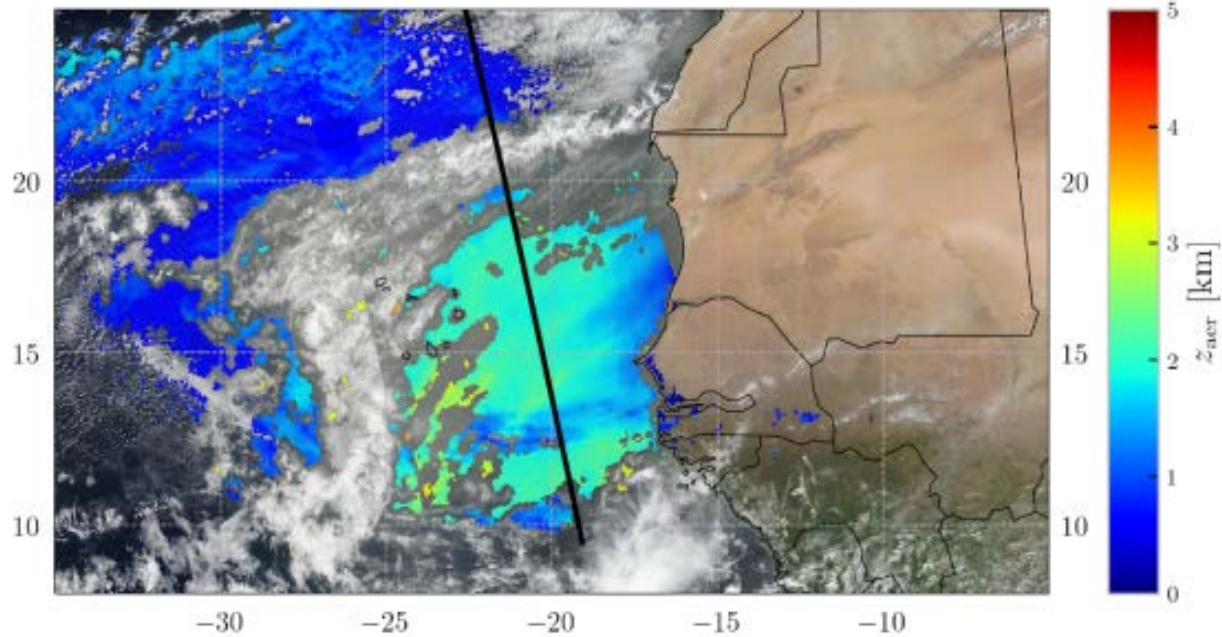
Nanda, S., Veefkind, J. P., de Graaf, M., Sneep, M., Stammes, P., de Haan, J. F., Sanders, A. F. J., Apituley, A., Tuinder, O., and Levelt, P. F.: <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-11-3263-2018>

Nanda, S., de Graaf, M., Sneep, M., de Haan, J. F., Stammes, P., Sanders, A. F. J., Tuinder, O., Veefkind, J. P., and Levelt, P. F.: <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-11-161-2018>

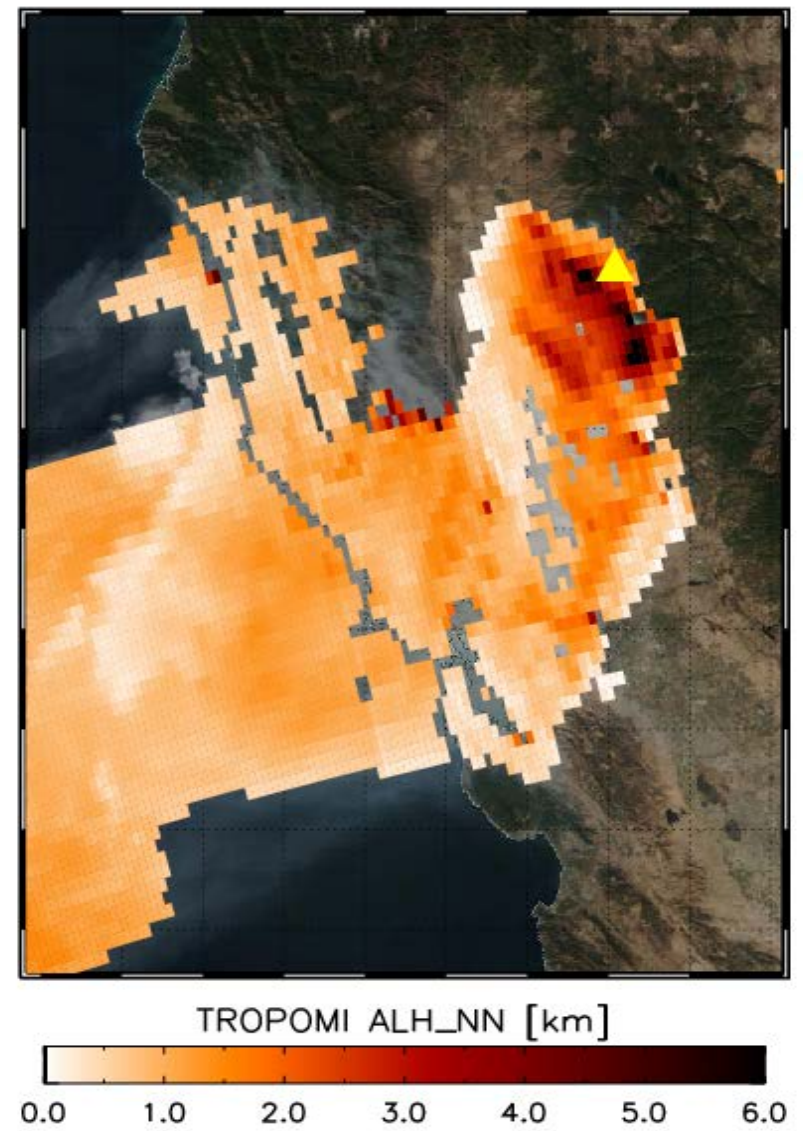
Sanders, A. F. J., de Haan, J. F., Sneep, M., Apituley, A., Stammes, P., Viteitez, M. O., Tilstra, L. G., Tuinder, O. N. E., Koning, C. E., and Veefkind, J. P.: <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-8-4947-2015>



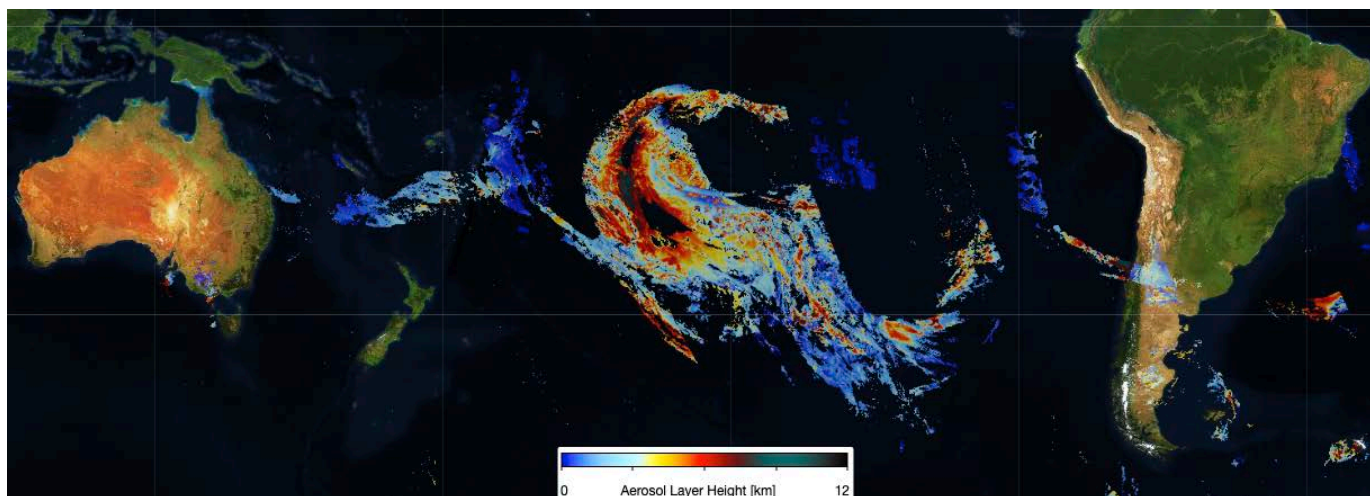
ALH Saharan Dust, 2018-06-08



ALH Biomass Burning, 2018-11-09



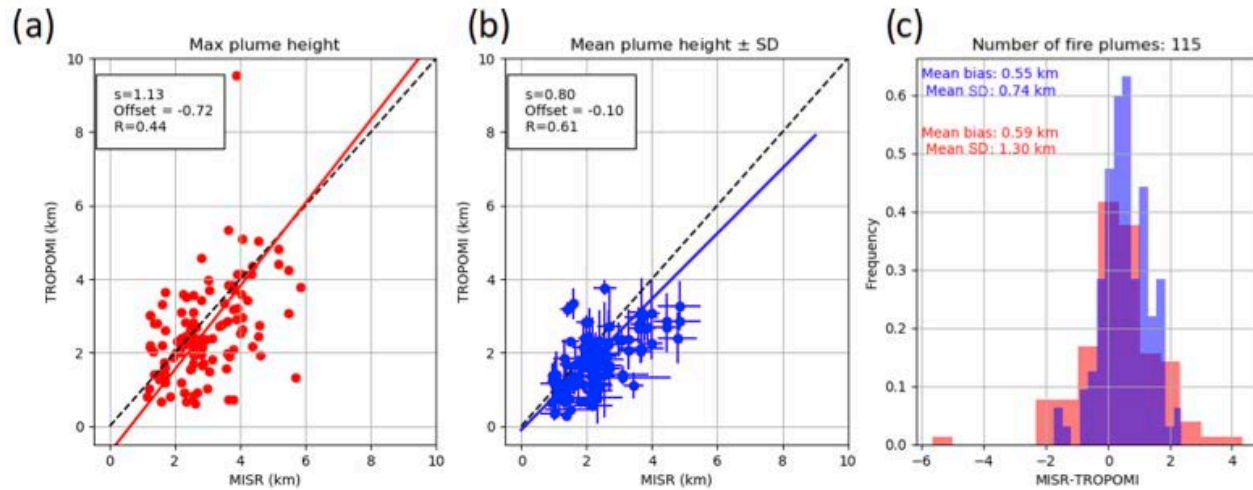
ALH Biomass Burning, 2020-01-09





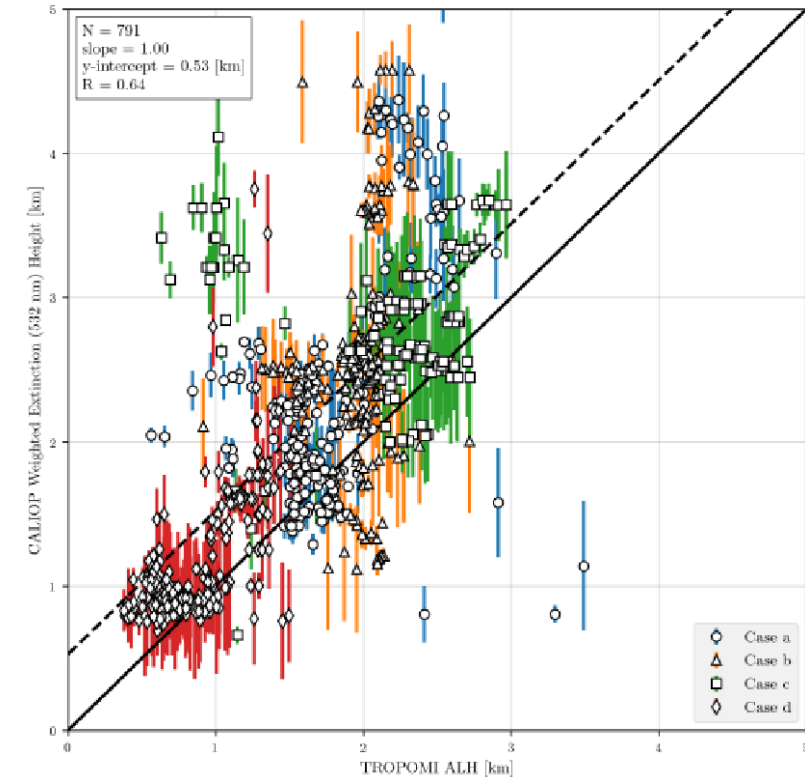
# Validation Examples

## Biomass Burning N-America



Comparison to MISR over continental N-America.  
Griffin et al. [www.atmos-meas-tech.net/13/1427/2020/](http://www.atmos-meas-tech.net/13/1427/2020/)

## Saharan Dust, Atlantic Ocean



Nanda et al: <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-2019-348>





# Planned Algorithm Improvements

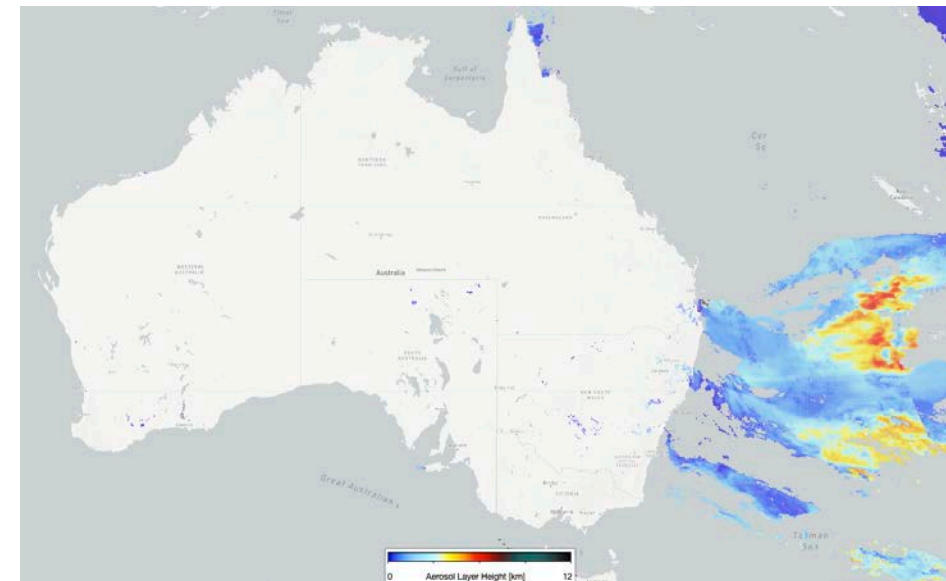
- › Co-fit the surface reflectance.
- › Increase the number of retrievals.
- › Expand the vertical range.
- › Explore the O<sub>2</sub> B band for Tropomi.
- › Improving the cloud clearing.





# Conclusion

- › Current and planned spectrometers allow for retrieval of aerosol layer height.
- › The S5P/TROPOMI ALH product is the first operational data product.
  - For S4 and S5 operational products are in development.
- › Validation is performed with CALIOP.
  - Results are good over the ocean, but over high-reflective surfaces retrievals are more challenging.
- › ALH is a new product, further developments are foreseen.



## More Information:

<http://www.tropomi.eu/data-products/aerosol-layer-height>

<https://s5phub.copernicus.eu/dhus/#/home>