

### Status of GEMS\*

\*GEMS: Geostationary Environmental Monitoring Spectrometer

Environmental Satellite Center,

National Institute of Environmental Research

CEOS Plenary 2019

Agenda Item #3.6

Ha Noi, Viet Nam

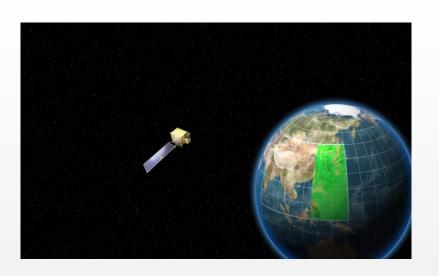
14 – 16 October 2019

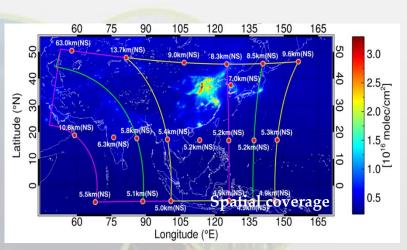




## GEMS: Geostationary Environmental Monitoring Spectrometer



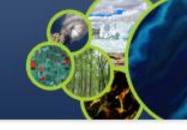




Targeted gases	ted gases O <sub>3</sub> , SO <sub>2</sub> , NO <sub>2</sub> , HCHO, CHOCHO, and aerosol, etc.		
Lifetime	10 Years		
Spatial coverage	5,000 km × 5,000 km (5 °S – 45 °N, 75 °E – 145 °E)		
Spatial resolution	7 km × 8 km @Seoul		
Revisit time	8 times / day		
Spectral range /	300 – 500 nm /		
FWHM	0.6 nm		
Volume /	1,050 mm × 1,200 mm × 900 mm /		
Weight	160 kg		
Orbit / Altitude / Longitude	Geostationary earth orbit (GEO) / 35,786 km / 128 °E		



#### Products of GEMS

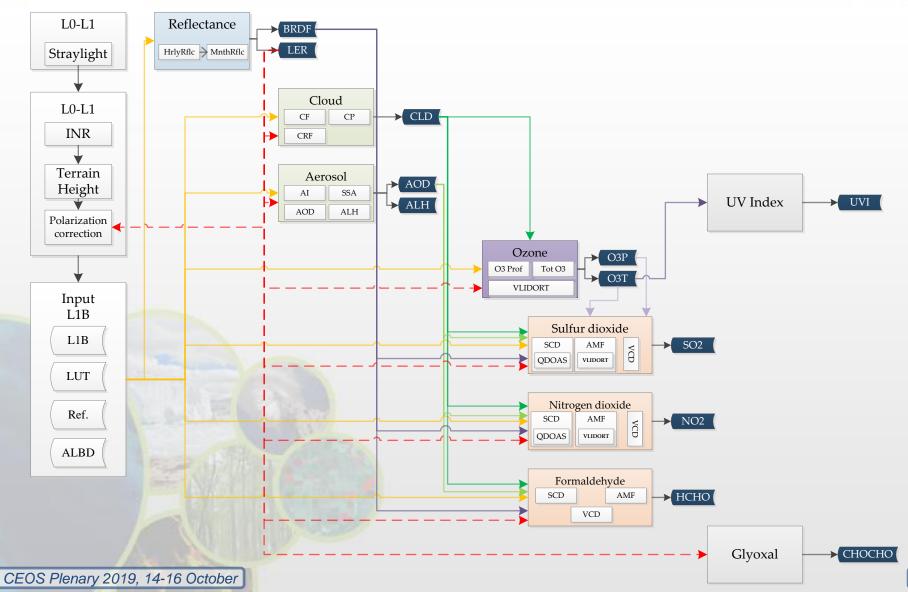


Duo des at	Importance	Accuracy	Window	Spat. Resol.	SZA	A 1
Product			(nm)	(km²)@Seoul	(deg)	Algorithm
TropNO <sub>2</sub> StratNO <sub>2</sub>	$O_3$ precursor, pollutant	1x10 <sup>15</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup>	425-450	7 x 8 x 2 pixels	< 70	DOAS
SO <sub>2</sub>	Aerosol precursor,	1x10 <sup>16</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup>	310-330	7 x 8 x 4 pixels	< 50	DOAS
302	Volcano	TXTO CIT	310-330	x 3 hours	(60*)	+ PCA
нсно	VOC	1x10 <sup>16</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup>	327-357	7 x 8 x 4 pixels	< 50 (60*)	
СНОСНО	proxy	1x10 <sup>16</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup>	437-452	7 x 8 x 4 pixels	< 50	BOAS
TotalO3, StratO3, TropO3	Oxidant Pollutant O <sub>3</sub> layer	3%(Total) 5%(Stra) 20(Trop)	300-340	7 x 8	< 70	OE TOMS
AOD, AI, SSA, AEH	Air quality Climate	20% or 0.1@ 400nm	300-500	3.5 x 8	< 70	Multi- $\lambda$ $O_2O_2$
[Clouds] ECF, CCP, CRF	Retrieval Climate		300-500	7 x 8	< 70	O <sub>2</sub> -O <sub>2</sub> RRS
Surface Property (LER, BRDF)	Environment		300-500	3.5 x 8	< 70	Multi-λ
UVI VitaD/DNA/Plant dose rate	Public health		300-360	7 x 8	< 70	Multi-λ



#### L2 Processor Interface of GEMS

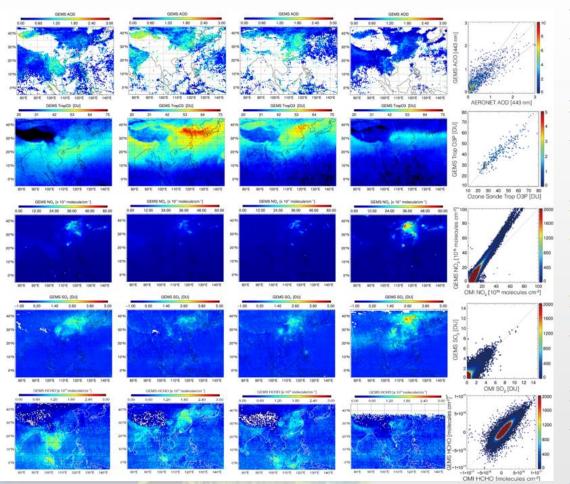






### Performance test of GEMS algorithms using OMI LV1B radiances





Aerosol			
Algorithm Optimal estimation (Ol			
Wavelength (nm)	354, 388, 443, 478, 490		
Ozone (profile/total)			
Algorithm	OE / TOMS		
Wavelength (nm)	300 – 340/ 312, 317		
NO <sub>2</sub>			
Algorithm DOAS			
Fitting range (nm)	432 – 451		
$SO_2$			
Algorithm	PCA + DOAS		
Fitting range (nm)	310 - 326		
НСНО (СНОСНО)			
Algorithm	Algorithm BOAS		

Fitting range (nm)

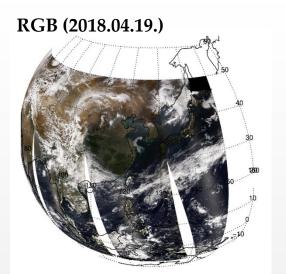
328 - 356 (435 - 461)

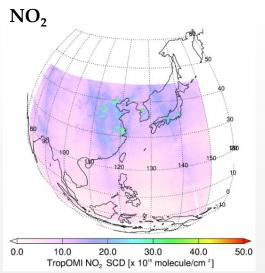


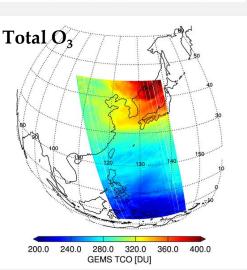
**HCHO** 

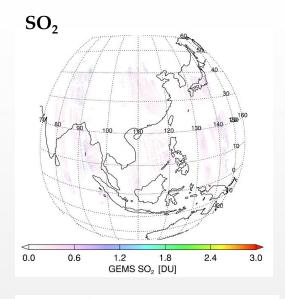
### Performance test of GEMS algorithms using TROPOMI LV1B radiances

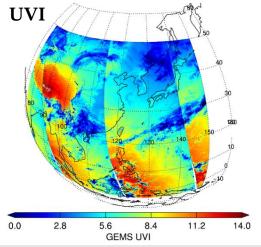


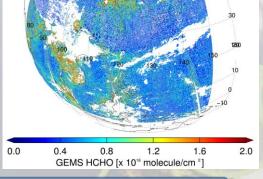














### Evaluation of product accuracy

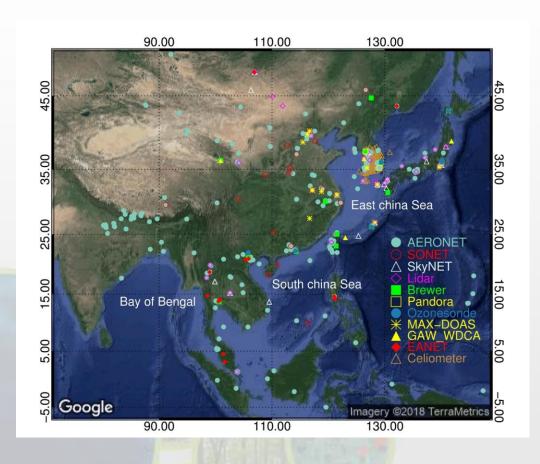


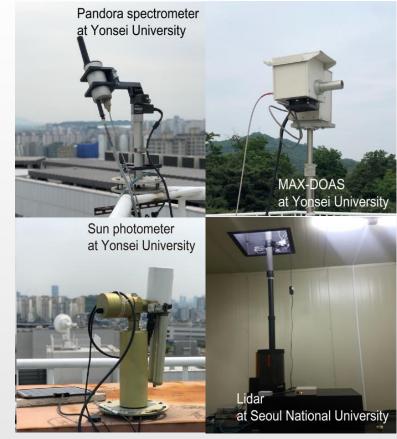
2017.12	Correlation coefficient (R)	a, Slope	b, Intercept	RMSE	Error (%)	Reference
O <sub>3</sub> (Total)	0.97	0.955	5.4 DU	2.35%	-	Brewer Spectro- photometer
O <sub>3</sub> (Trop)	0.79	0.89	1.91 DU	6.48 DU (10-20%)	2 DU (7.29%)	Ozonesonde
НСНО	0.86~0.88 (MAM/JJA/SO N) 0.61 (DJF)	0.96 – 1.07	-1.4-3.1 x 10 <sup>15</sup>	-	-	OMI Products
NO <sub>2</sub>	0.90~0.98	1.07~1.2	-0.99-1.22 x 10 <sup>15</sup> cm <sup>-2</sup>	N/A	-	OMI Products
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.98 0.66 (<1 DU) 0.72 (<3 DU)	0.4 0.89 0.81	0.06 DU 0.1 DU 0.06 DU	N/A	53.5 % - -	OMI Products Airborne
ECF	0.99	1.0	0.03	0.03~0.05	N/A	OMI Products
CCP	0.89	0.97	-30	95	N/A	OMI Products
Surface Refl. (BRDF)	0.8~0.9	N/A	N/A	<0.1	<40%	OMI Products MODIS BRDF
AOD	0.84	0.78	N/A	T/V	Q-value : 53.44%	AERONET



## Ground observation network for CAL/VAL of GEMS products









### **GEMS** operation concept

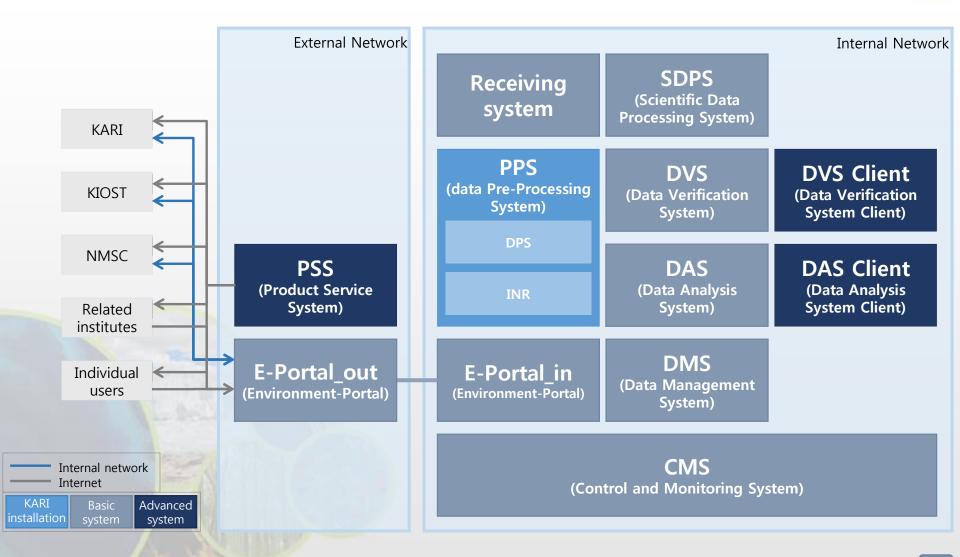


Operational Concept	Explanation			
N	Non-stop Operating ground station for 24hours and 365days			
Non-stop Operation	Securing stability and non-stop automation through active-active high stability multiplexing Constructing an operation system in emergencies and at all times			
	Establishment of back-up system for each sub system			
Real-time Service  Acquisition in real-time and distribution in near-real-time Distribution within 1hour after receiving RAW data Improvement of processing efficiency through algorithm parallelization				
Operation	Operating 10 years according to designed duration of GK2B operation			
for 10years	Considering expansion possibilities of hardware, software, network, and new facilities			
Data archive	Archiving all data in main storage, that is received and produced			
	Building storage system that can expand and meet storage requirements			
Back-up system	Constructing back-up system for data reliability			
	Non-stop Operating with rapid substitution in case of failure			
3,333	Establishment of back-up system to meet system operation concept and requirements			
High	Achieving 99% or more operational availability for high-speed processing and			
Availability	customized services with Hot backup system			



### **GEMS** operation system

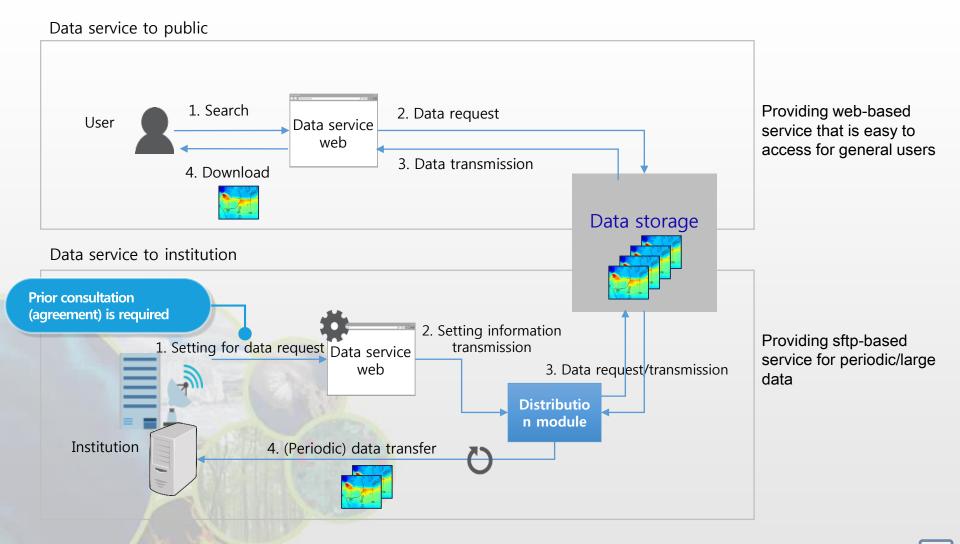






#### **GEMS** data distribution

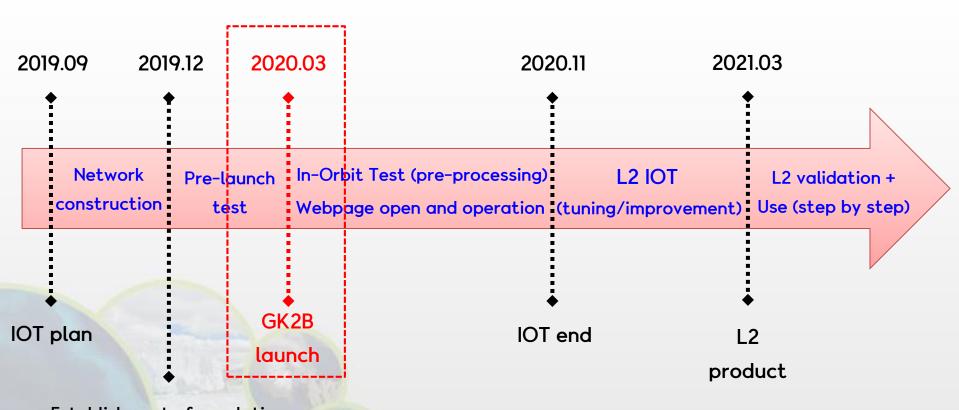






#### **GEMS IOT schedule**





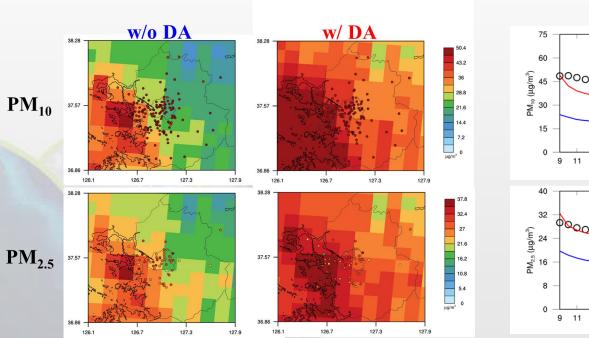
Establishment of regulation and guide for operation and data distribution

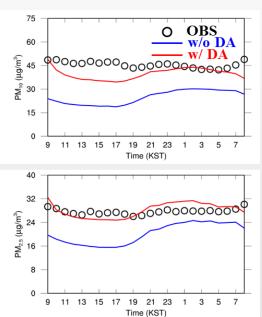


### **GEMS** application



- Monitoring long-range transported pollutants.
- Estimating top-down emission inventories.
- Providing reliable initial conditions of chemistry-transport models (CTMs) for air quality forecasts via data assimilation (DA) techniques.





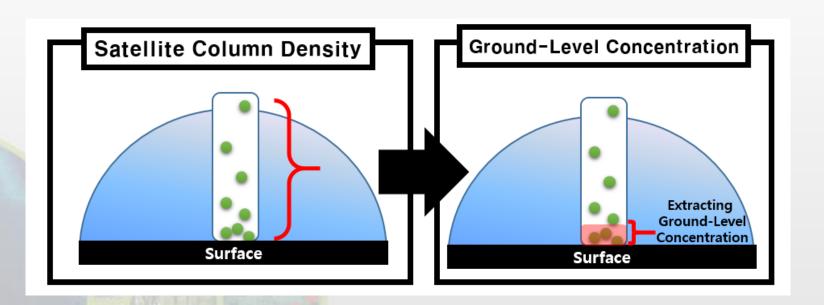
< PM forecasts during KORUS-AQ campaign (May 1 ~ June 12, 2016) >



## A limitation of column density retrieved from GEMS



- Column density retrieved from satellite represents aerosol or trace gases abundance from surface to top of atmosphere.
- Air pollution concentration of near the surface is more important than column density, since those closely related to human health.

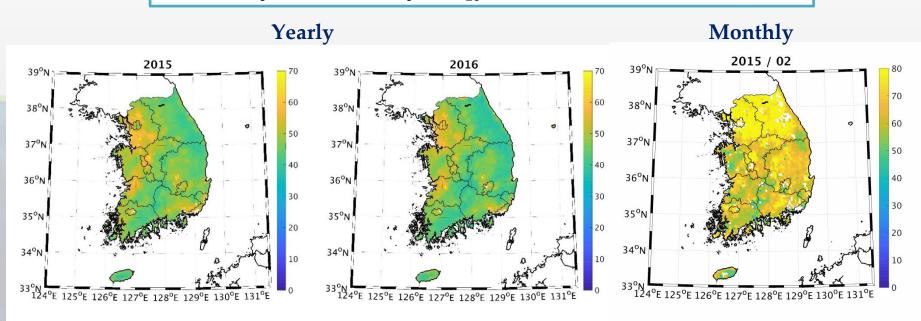




# Estimation of surface PM2.5 concentration based on machine learning

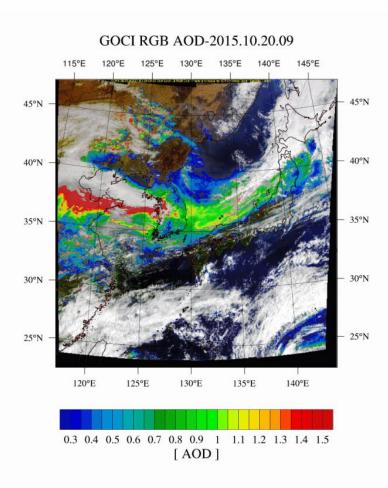
- PM2.5 concentrations over Korea peninsula estimated based on machine learning is well described high value in winter season
- In addition, PM2.5 concentrations represent high value in April due to the influence of the yellow dust.

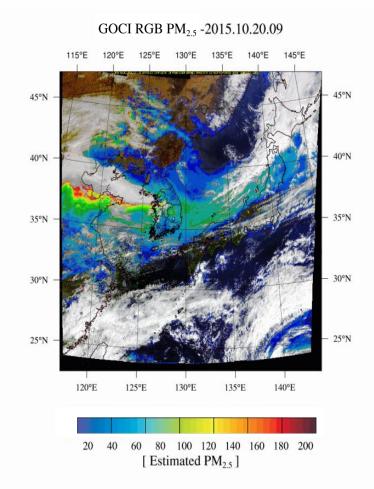
#### Yearly and monthly $PM_{10}$ distribution (2015 ~ 2016)





## Estimation of surface PM2.5 concentration using in-situ observation data







#### Presenter Guidance



- Presenters should name their files using the following convention:
  - AgendaltemNumber\_LastName\_Subject\_Version.pptx (e.g., 1.5\_Holloway\_Communications\_v2.pptx)
- Reporting to support discussion or decision is encouraged, but historical context and detailed reporting should be provided as pre-meeting reading material or in background slides.
- Materials should explicitly highlight the decisions, endorsements, outcomes, or actions you are seeking at Plenary. The more explicit you are with the required actions, the better. Do feel free to propose draft action text for consideration – it may be revised, but will help with the efficient preparation of the Plenary actions record.
- Materials should be sent to <u>matthew@symbioscomms.com</u> and <u>kim.e.holloway@nasa.gov</u>
  - Documents for endorsement: no later than October 1
  - Presentations: no later than October 8